notes 01

October 20, 2024

1 Neuron with 3 inputs

Output: 2.3

2 Neuron with 4 inputs

```
[5]: inputs = [1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 2.5]
weights = [0.2, 0.8, -0.5, 1.0]
bias = 2

output = (inputs[0]*weights[0] + inputs[1]*weights[1] + inputs[2]*weights[2] +
inputs[3]*weights[3] + bias)

print(output)
```

Output: 4.8

3 Layer of 3 neurons with 4 inputs

```
outputs = []
for i in range(num_neurons):
    output = 0
    for j in range(num_inputs):
        output += inputs[j]*weights[i][j]
    output += biases[i]
    outputs.append(output)
print(outputs)
```

[4.8, 1.21, 2.385]

4 Layer of 3 neurons with 4 inputs

[4.8, 1.21, 2.385]

5 Single Neuron using Numpy

```
[6]: import numpy as np
inputs = [1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 2.5]
weights = [0.2, 0.8, -0.5, 1.0]
bias = 2

output = np.dot(inputs, weights) + bias
print(output)
```

4.8

6 Layer of Neurons Using Numpy

```
[7]: import numpy as np
     inputs = [1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 2.5]
     weights = np.array([
         [0.2, 0.8, -0.5, 1],
         [0.5, -0.91, 0.26, -0.5],
         [-0.26, -0.27, 0.17, 0.87]
     ])
     biases = [2.0, 3.0, 0.5]
     layer_outputs = np.dot(weights, inputs) + biases
     # must be dot(weights, inputs), not dot(inputs, weights)
     # this takes the dot each row of the weights by the column of inputs (remember up this takes)
      ⇔the second term is transposed)
     print(layer_outputs)
     layer_outputs_2 = np.dot(inputs, weights.T) + biases
     # this takes each input and multiplies by the weight. also correct.
     print(layer_outputs_2)
```

[4.8 1.21 2.385] [4.8 1.21 2.385]

7 Layer of Neurons and Batch of Data Using Numpy

Batch of data is simply a set of inputs.